

RID Australia

Chemwatch: 5322-35

Version No: 2.1.1.1 Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Issue Date: **11/09/2018** Print Date: **11/09/2018** S.GHS.AUS.EN

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 0

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

| Product name | Rid Insect Repellent Sunscreen Combo SPF50+ |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Synonyms | 510100 100ml Tube; 910500 500ml Pump |
| Other means of identification | Not Available |
| | |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Relevant identified uses | SDS are intended for use in the workplace. For domestic-use products, refer to consumer labels. |
|--------------------------|---|
| | Sunscreen with insect repellent action. |

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | RID Australia |
|-------------------------|--|
| Address | 79 Denham Street Townsville QLD 4810 Australia |
| Telephone | +61 7 4772 1411 |
| Fax | +61 7 4721 3892 |
| Website | Not Available |
| Email | Not Available |

Emergency telephone number

| Association / Organisation | Not Available |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Emergency telephone numbers | +61 7 4772 1411 |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | Not Available |

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

| | Min | Max | |
|--------------|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| Flammability | 0 | | 1 |
| Toxicity | 0 | | 0 = Minimum |
| Body Contact | 0 | | 1 = Low 2 = Moderate |
| Reactivity | 0 | | 3 = High |
| Chronic | 0 | | 4 = Extreme |

| Poisons Schedule | Not Applicable |
|------------------|----------------|
| Classification | Not Applicable |
| Label elements | |

| Hazard pictogram(s) | Not Applicable |
|---------------------|----------------|
| SIGNAL WORD | NOT APPLICABLE |
| Hererd statement(s) | |

Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

Issue Date: 11/09/2018 Print Date: 11/09/2018

Rid Insect Repellent Sunscreen Combo SPF50+

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable
Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable
Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

| CAS No | %[weight] | Name |
|-----------|-----------|--|
| | | insect repellant: |
| 8003-34-7 | <1 | pyrethrum |
| 134-62-3 | 1-10 | N.N-diethyl-m-toluamide |
| | | Ingredients determined not to be hazardous |

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact | If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. |
|--------------|---|
| Skin Contact | Not considered an irritant through normal use. Wipe off excess with absorbent tissue or towel. Seek medical attention if swelling/redness/blistering or irritation occurs. |
| Inhalation | If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. |
| Ingestion | If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice. |

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| Fire Incompatibility | None known. | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Advice for firefighters | | |
| Fire Fighting | Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. | |
| Fire/Explosion Hazard | Non combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn. | |
| HAZCHEM | Not Applicable | |

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Minor Spills | Slippery when spilt. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite. |
|--------------|---|
| Major Spills | Slippery when spilt. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. Prevent spillage from entering drains, sewers or water courses. |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

| Safe handling | None required when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Limit all unnecessary personal contact. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. |
|-------------------|---|
| Other information | Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers. |

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Suitable container | Polyethylene or polypropylene container. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks. | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| Storage incompatibility | None known | | |
| | | | |



Х 0 - Must not be stored together

- May be stored together with specific preventions

- May be stored together +

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Not Available

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

| Source | Ingredient | Material name | | TWA | STEL | | Peak | | Notes |
|--|---------------|---------------|------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------|---------------|
| Australia Exposure Standards | pyrethrum | Pyrethrum | | 5 mg/m3 | Not A | vailable | Not Available | | Not Available |
| EMERGENCY LIMITS | | | | | | | | | |
| Ingredient | Material name | | TEEL-1 | | | TEEL-2 | | TEEL-3 | |
| Rid Insect Repellent Sunscreen Combo SPF50+ | Not Available | | Not Availa | able | | Not Available | | Not Avai | lable |
| Ingredient | Original IDLH | | | Revised IDLH | | vised IDLH | | | |
| pyrethrum | 5,000 mg/m3 | | | | Not Available | | | | |

Exposure controls

N,N-diethyl-m-toluamide

| | None required when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: |
|-------------------------|---|
| | Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be |
| Appropriate engineering | highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. |
| controls | The basic types of engineering controls are: |
| | Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. |
| | Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and |
| | "removes" air in the work environment. |

Not Available

| Personal protection | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Eye and face protection | No special equipment for minor exposure i.e. when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Safety glasses with side shields. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. |
| Skin protection | See Hand protection below |
| Hands/feet protection | No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Wear general protective gloves, e.g. light weight rubber gloves. |
| Body protection | See Other protection below |
| Other protection | No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: • Overalls. • Barrier cream. • Eyewash unit. |

Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

| Required Minimum Protection Factor | Half-Face Respirator | Full-Face Respirator | Powered Air Respirator |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| up to 10 x ES | A-AUS P2 | - | A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2 |
| up to 50 x ES | - | A-AUS / Class 1 P2 | - |
| up to 100 x ES | - | A-2 P2 | A-PAPR-2 P2 ^ |

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | White smooth glossy liquid; mixes with water. | | | | | |
|---|---|---|----------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| Physical state | Liquid | Relative density (Water = 1) | Not Available | | | |
| Odour | Not Available | Partition coefficient n-octanol / water | Not Available | | | |
| Odour threshold | Not Available | Auto-ignition temperature (°C) | Not Available | | | |
| pH (as supplied) | 6.0-7.0 | Decomposition temperature | Not Available | | | |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C) | Not Available | Viscosity (cSt) | Not Available | | | |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | Not Available | Molecular weight (g/mol) | Not Applicable | | | |
| Flash point (°C) | Not Applicable | Taste | Not Available | | | |
| Evaporation rate | Not Available | Explosive properties | Not Available | | | |
| Flammability | Not Applicable | Oxidising properties | Not Available | | | |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) | Not Available | | | |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Volatile Component (%vol) | Not Available | | | |
| Vapour pressure (kPa) | Not Available | Gas group | Not Available | | | |
| Solubility in water (g/L) | Miscible | pH as a solution (1%) | Not Available | | | |
| Vapour density (Air = 1) | Not Available | VOC g/L | 77.89 | | | |

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | See section 7 |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7 |
| Conditions to avoid | See section 7 |
| Incompatible materials | See section 7 |

Hazardous decomposition products See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

| Inhaled | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Ingestion | Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments Ingestion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting | | | |
| Skin Contact | Not considered an irritant through normal use. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material | | | |
| Eye | Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). | | | |
| Chronic | Principal routes of exposure are by accidental skin and eye contact and by inhalation of vapours especially at higher temperatures. As with any chemical product, contact with unprotected bare skin; inhalation of vapour, mist or dust in work place atmosphere; or ingestion in any form, should be avoided by observing good occupational work practice. | | | |
| | | | | |
| Rid Insect Repellent Sunscreen | TOXICITY | IRRITATION | | |
| Combo SPF50+ | Not Available | Not Available | | |
| | тохісіту | IRRITATION | | |
| pyrethrum | dermal (rat) LD50: 1350 mg/kg ^[2] | Not Available | | |
| | Oral (rat) LD50: 200 mg/kg ^[2] | | | |
| | тохісіту | IRRITATION | | |
| | dermal (rat) LD50: 5000 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit) : 10 mg - moderate | | |
| N,N-diethyl-m-toluamide | Oral (rat) LD50: 1800 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 100 mg | | |
| | | Skin (rabbit): 500 mg - moderate | | |
| Legend: | Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substar data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of c | nces - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified | | |

| PYRETHRUM No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. Pyrethrins have low to moderate acute toxicity when swallowed, inhaled and on skin contact. They have a moderate irritant effect on the eye and skin (but do not sensitise the skin). The toxic effects of pyrethrin include tremors, laboured breathing, hyperactivity, thyroid disturbances, and liver effects. Animal testing has found that pyrethrins can cause tremors and convulsions before death and that pyrethrins are toxic to the axon. ADI: 0.04 mg/kg/day | | | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| N,N-DIETHYL-M-TOLUAMIDE | For N,N-diethyl-m-toluamide (Deet) Acute toxicity: Different preparations of Deet with different proportions of the m-isomer produced different oral LD50s. Rats killed by dosages in the LD50 range showed lacrimation, chromodacryorrhea, depression, prostration, tremors, and asphyxial convulsions. Respiratory failure usually preceded cardiac failure. In rabbits, an intravenous dosage of 75 mg/kg was rapidly fatal, but 50 mg/kg was not. The material may produce moderate eye irritation leading to inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis. The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin. Reproductive effector in rats | | | |
| | Reproductive effector in rats | | | |
| Acute Toxicity | Reproductive effector in rats | Carcinogenicity | 0 | |
| Acute Toxicity Skin Irritation/Corrosion | | Carcinogenicity Reproductivity | 0 | |
| | 0 | | | |
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion | © | Reproductivity | 0 | |

Legend:

Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification
 Data available to make classification

O – Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

| Rid Insect Repellent Sunscreen Combo SPF50+ | ENDPOINT Not Available | TEST DURATION (HR) Not Available | SPECIES Not Available | VALUE Not Available | SOURCE Not Available |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | ENDPOINT | TEST DURATION (HR) | SPECIES | VALUE | SOURCE |
| pyrethrum | LC50 | 96 | Fish | 0.0032mg/L | 4 |
| | EC50 | 48 | Crustacea | 0.0067mg/L | 4 |

| | ENDPOINT | TEST DURATION (HR) | SPECIES | VALUE SOURCE | | |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------|-----------|--------------|--|--|
| N,N-diethyl-m-toluamide | LC50 | 96 | Fish | 71.25mg/L 4 | | |
| | EC50 | 48 | Crustacea | 75mg/L 4 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Legend: | Legend: Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data | | | | | |

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| N,N-diethyl-m-toluamide | HIGH | HIGH | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | | | | | |

| N,N-diethyl-m-toluamide LOW (BCF | CF = 2.4) |
|----------------------------------|-----------|

Mobility in soil

| Ingredient | Mobility |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| N,N-diethyl-m-toluamide | LOW (KOC = 536.6) |

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

| Product / Packaging disposal | Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked. A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate: • Reduction • Reuse • Recycling • Disposal (if all else fails) This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. • DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains. • It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. • In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first. • Where in doubt contact the responsible authority. • Recycle wherever possible. • Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified. • Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable material). • Decontaminate empty containers. |
|------------------------------|--|

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

| Marine Pollutant | NO |
|------------------|----------------|
| HAZCHEM | Not Applicable |

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

PYRETHRUM(8003-34-7) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

| Australia Exposure Standards | |
|--|--|
| Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals | |
| Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | |

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule $\ensuremath{\mathbf{2}}$

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5

N,N-DIETHYL-M-TOLUAMIDE(134-62-3) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix F (Part 3)

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5

National Inventory Status

| National Inventory | Status |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Australia - AICS | Y |
| Canada - DSL | Y |
| Canada - NDSL | N (N,N-diethyl-m-toluamide; pyrethrum) |
| China - IECSC | Υ |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP | Y |
| Japan - ENCS | N (pyrethrum) |
| Korea - KECI | Y |
| New Zealand - NZIoC | Y |
| Philippines - PICCS | Υ |
| USA - TSCA | N (pyrethrum) |
| Legend: | Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets) |

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

| Revision Date | 11/09/2018 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date | 11/09/2018 |

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chernwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

 $\label{eq:pc-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average \\ \ensuremath{\mathsf{PC-STEL}}\xspace. Pcmissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit$

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level TLV: Threshold Limit Value

ILV: Inreshold Limit Val

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

This document is copyright.

Apart from any fair dealing for the purposes of private study, research, review or criticism, as permitted under the Copyright Act, no part may be reproduced by any process without written permission from CHEMWATCH.

TEL (+61 3) 9572 4700.